



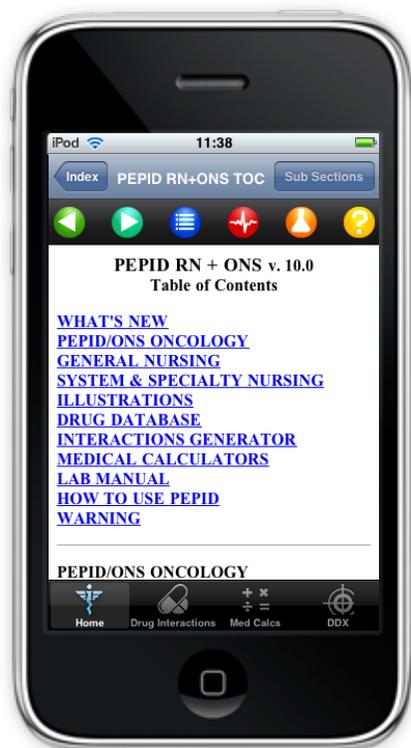
Oncology Nursing Suite Tutorial: iPhone and iPod Touch

This tutorial will teach you how to utilize every aspect of PEPID Oncology Nursing Suite. At the end, you will find a quiz, which will prepare you to quickly and efficiently navigate through PEPID RN ONS.

>> Table of Contents

The Table of Contents allows you to see all that is offered on your PEPID Oncology Nursing Suite.

The Table of Contents is available by tapping the  icon from the top of any content screen, or at the top of the index.

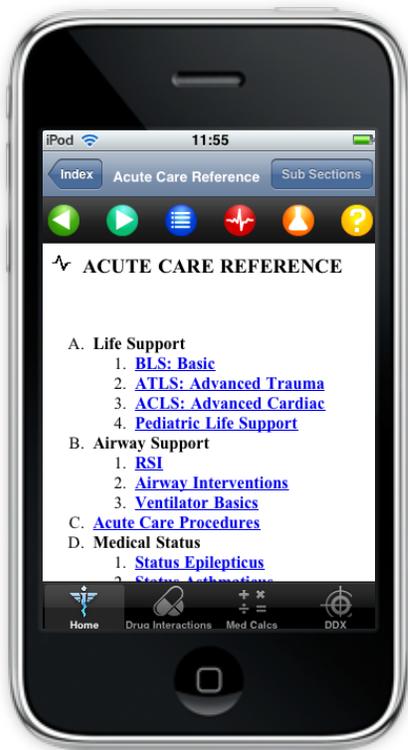


Within the Table of Contents, you select from a thematic listing of topics as shown below:

- What's New
- PEPID / ONS Oncology
- General Nursing
- System & Specialty Nursing
- Illustrations
- Drug Database
- Interactions Generator
- Medical Calculators
- Lab Manual
- How to Use PEPID
- Warning

>> Back

To return to the previous screen, simply click the back button at the top of your screen. If you select a link to view a subtopic, you can use the Back button to return to the previous screen, just like on your internet browser.



>> Acute Care Reference

The Acute Care Reference is available by tapping the  icon at the top of your screen, and provides links to immediate life saving protocols: BLS, ACLS, ATLS, PALS, RSI, procedures, algorithms, quick drugs and drips, etc.

With the Acute Care Reference you select topics from a thematic listing as shown below:

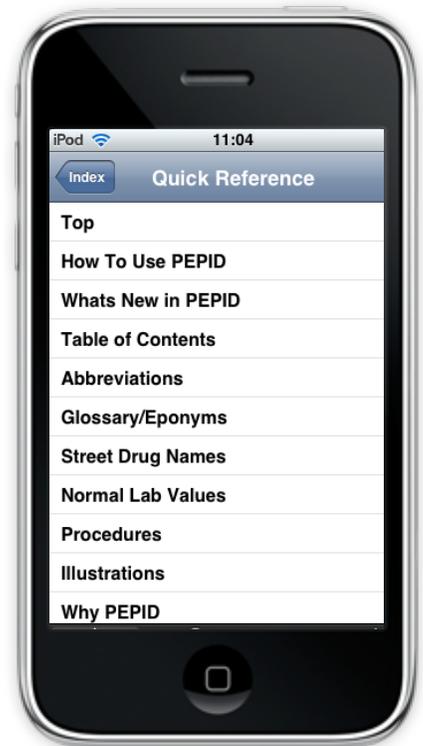
- A. Life Support
- B. Airway Support
- C. Acute Care Procedures
- D. Medical Status
- E. Shock Types
- F. Other
- G. Authors

>> Help

The help section is available through the  icon at the top of your screen and contains a built-in tutorial, as well as a description of the content and updates added with your last update.

Within the help section you can view a thematic listing of the following topics:

- How To Use PEPID
- What's New in PEPID
- Table of Contents
- Abbreviations
- Glossary/Eponyms
- Normal Lab Values
- Stedman's Dictionary
- Procedures
- Illustrations
- Why PEPID
- Authors





>> Drug Interactions Generator

The drug interactions generator allows you to select up to eight different drugs, herbals, OTCs and supplements and cross reference their interactions. It can be accessed by pressing the drug interactions icon  at the bottom of your screen, or through the table of contents.

To Use:

1. Select Drug Interactions the bottom of your screen.
2. Use keyboard to enter drug name
3. Select up to eight drug names
4. Select "interactions" after all selections are made

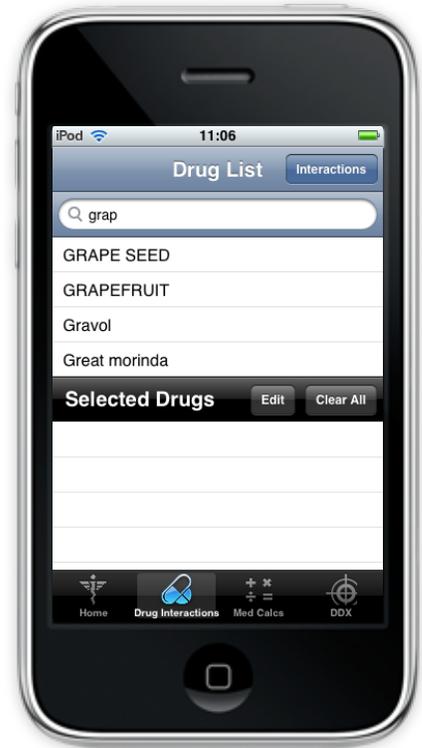
The drug interactions generator checks interactions between each subject drug and all of the other drugs you have selected.

Notes:

- Numbers represent severity of interaction: 1 = low, 5 = high
- Interactions listed by decreasing severity
- When there are multiple interactions between two drugs, the strongest in severity will be in bold
- Other interactions of same group listed in regular type
- ↑ Indicates drug level or effect of the following drug will be increased
- ↓ Indicates drug level or effect of the following drug will be decreased
- ↑ ↓ Indicates drug level or effect of the following drug will either be increased or decreased
- ATC: anticoagulation
- Tap any underlined text for more information

Example: Cross reference the following drugs: Amiodarone, Biaxin, Coumadin, and Ginger. PEPID finds seven drug interactions. Click on any of the interactions to view details. A sample of the results are as follows:

- 5- ↑ Qt:Amiodarone, Biaxin-Both increase QTc interval, never use combination
- 3- ↑ Amiodarone, Coumadin-Amiodarone increases levels and effects of Coumadin. Possible serious or life-threatening interaction
- 3- ↑ Coumadin, Ginger-Both are anticoagulants-Potential danger





>> Medical Calculators

To access an alphabetical list of medical calculators, select med calcs  from the bottom of your screen. If you'd like to access calculators by type, select medical calculators through the table of contents. Our calculators are also integrated within our clinical and lab content.

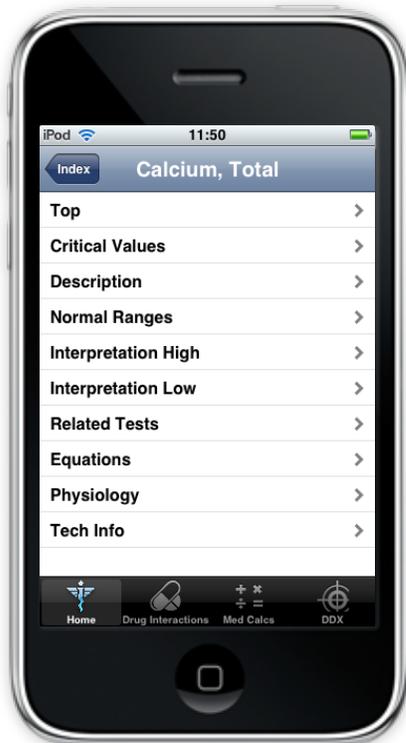
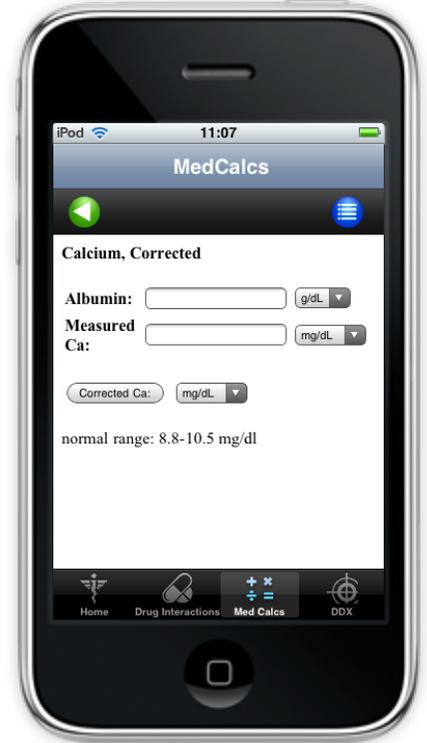
To Use:

1. Select Med Calcs from the bottom of your screen.
2. Locate the calculator you are searching for
3. Tap on the calculator icon
5. Input data your keyboard
6. Click the results button

Example: Calculate the Body Mass Index of a 5'7" female weighing 150 lbs.

- Result: 23.5248 kg/sq.m.

It also tells you that the normal range is 23-27 kg/sq.m.



>> Laboratory Manual

PEPID's lab manual provides critical values and normal ranges for common lab tests. You can view labs by type through the main table of contents, or an alphabetic listing by pressing the  icon from the top of your screen.

- Provides critical values and normal ranges for common lab tests
- Lists conditions and medications associated with atypical levels of measured factors
- Contains links to related medical calculators and lab tests

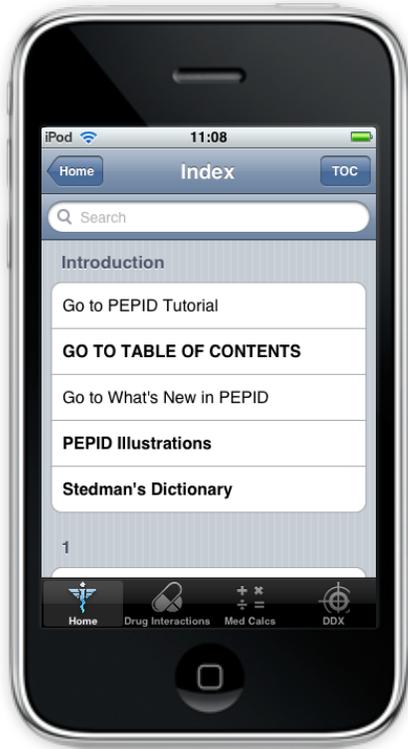


>> Subsections Menu

The subsections menu icon allows you to jump to specific information within the top you're viewing. If you'd like to view the subsections menu, simply click the Subsections button  from the top of your screen.

The subsections menu icon allows you to:

- Access subtopic navigation menu from anywhere on page
- Select from list to link directly to subtopic



>> Index

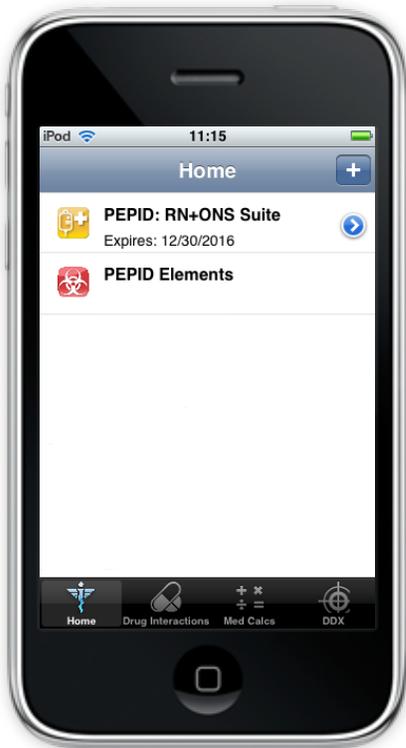
The home icon takes you to the PEPID index, which is essentially your search tool for PEPID. The index allows you to search for anything within our content, whether it's a disease, drug name, medical calculator, lab or procedure.

To Use:

1. Select Home from the bottom of your iPhone screen
2. Type in the letters of the topic you want to search, like Vtach, for example
3. Select Vtach in the listing menu
4. From the Ventricular Tachycardia (Vtach) page, you can view your quicklinks by scrolling through your menu to jump to subtopics including diagnosis, pathophysiology, or treatment
5. From the Vtach page, you can tap on the  Camera icon to view Monomorphic and Polymorphic rates. Click back to return.
6. Scroll down the page. Select [vagal maneuvers](#) to view more details. Click the back button on your device to return.
7. Continue to scroll down the Vtach page, and you will come across relevant calculators. You can tap on the [Qt int](#) to view the QT Interval Correction equation, or you can tap the  calculator icon on the screen next to the [Qt int](#) link to use the calculator. Click back to return.
8. Continue to scroll down the Vtach page, and tap on the [Amiodarone](#) link. From the quicklinks menu, you can view dosing, kinetics, IV info, overdose management, etc. You can also scroll through the content using your trackball. Scroll down and tap on any of the  IV drip rate icons to use a dosing calculator.

Notes:

- The fastest way to find any topic
- Links directly to the index
- Use keyboard to enter first few letters
- Alphabetical index is colored for distinction between keywords
- Drug topics are blue
- Tables of contents are bolded
- Chapter headings are bolded and capitalized



>> My PEPID

My PEPID takes you to the PEPID Document Manager, which allows you to:

- Find out when your subscription expires
- Register new products on your device
- Delete old products on your device

>> Other Links



The camera icon takes you to all related images, including original high-resolution color illustrations that are great for patient education or personal reference. Our illustration include clinical anatomy, rhythm strips, procedures, environmental, toxicologic and diseases and disorders.



The IV Drip Rate icon takes you a drug-specific IV drip rate calculator.

{Rel. Topic} The Related Topic link takes you to broader topics related to the current page.

[Tx] The Treatment link allows you to view related treatments.

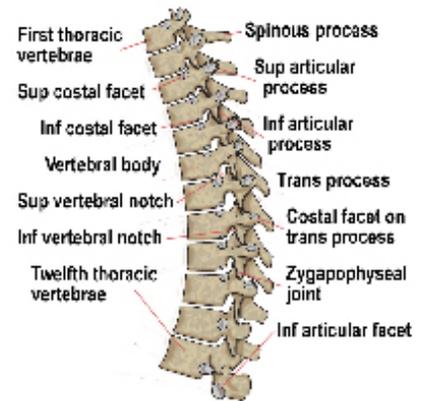
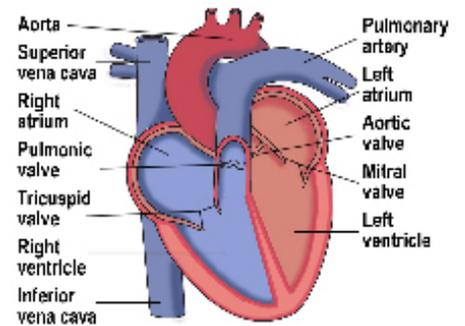
[Nx] The Nursing Considerations link allows you to view any relevant nursing considerations.



This icon indicates a Stedman's term is integrated, simply click to read the definition of the term.



This icon indicates there is an evidence-based inquiry embedded in the content.





Oncology Nursing Suite TEST

1) Which is not a complication in a subclavian line procedure?

- a) Subclavian artery puncture or cannulation
- b) Pneumothorax secondary to pleural tear
- c) Catheter may cause infection
- d) Air may be sucked into catheter if hub is left exposed and cause
- e) None of the Above

2) Out of the drugs listed, which combination should be used with caution because of its serious, possibly life threatening interactions?

- a) ribavirin and acetaminophen
- b) ribavirin and zalcitabine
- c) ribavirin and didanosine
- d) ribavirin and warfarin
- e) None of the Above

3) What is the recommended dose of thiethylperazine?

- a) PO: 5 mg qD BID
- b) PO: 10 mg qD TID
- c) IM/PO/PR: 10 mg qD TID
- d) PO: 5 mg PRN
- e) None of the Above

4) Which is not a part of Saint's Triad?

- a) Cholecystitis
- b) Hiatal hernia
- c) Cholelithiasis
- d) Diverticulosis
- e) None of the Above

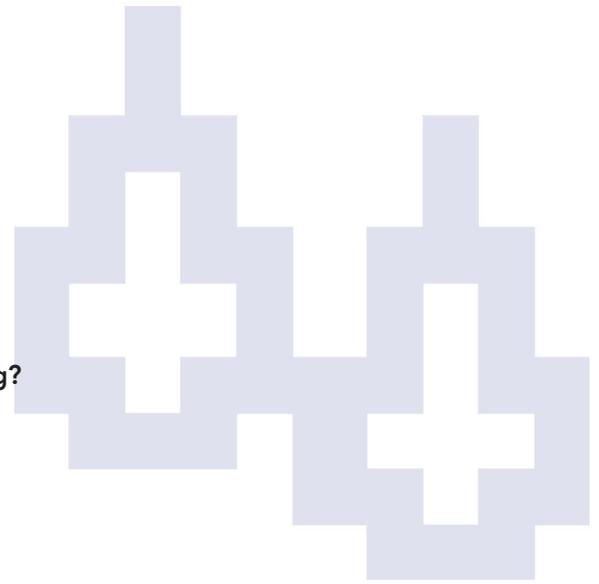


5) Skin changes in field of radiation therapy include:

- a) Alopecia
- b) Erythema
- c) Blood vessel changes
- d) Change in pigmentation
- e) All of the Above

6) Which cannot be found in the Quick Reference listing?

- a) Table of Contents
- b) Abbreviations
- c) Drug Interactions Generator
- d) Illustrations
- e) None of the Above



7) According to the nursing considerations for a colonoscopy procedure, what does adequate cleansing (bowel preparation) provide?

- a) Optimal visualization and decreased time
- b) Lowered success rate
- c) Ease of insertion
- d) Less risk of oxygen saturation
- e) None of the Above

8) What is the first step in an ostomy irrigation procedure?

- a) Apply irrigating sleeve or sheath to stoma
- b) Wash hands before removal of old bags and apply gloves
- c) Prepare patient by providing background information
- d) Gather all equipment
- e) None of the Above

9) What is the pregnancy category for doxorubicin?

- a) A
- b) B
- c) C
- d) D
- e) None of the Above



10) What is the alveolar oxygen tension for a patient with 40 mmHg of PaCO₂?

- a) 43.56 mmHg
- b) 99.73 mmHg
- c) 45.32 mmHg
- d) 87.22 mmHg
- e) None of the Above

11) Out of the drugs listed, which combination should be used with caution because of its serious, possibly life threatening interactions?

- a) salicylic acid and norgestrel
- b) salicylic acid and ketorolac
- c) salicylic acid and indoramin
- d) salicylic acid and nebivolol
- e) None of the Above

12) A patient has 5.2 g/dL of albumin and 11.4 mg/dL measured calcium. What is the corrected calcium level?

- a) 8.82 mg/dL
- b) 10.53 mg/dL
- c) 10.44 mg/dL
- d) 5.93 mg/dL
- e) None of the Above

13) A patient is prescribed 6 mcg/min of nitroglycerin IV. There is 50 mg of the drug in a 250 ml bag. What should you set the drip rate to?

- a) 3.4 ml/hr
- b) 4.5 ml/hr
- c) 1.8 ml/hr
- d) 4.3 ml/hr
- e) None of the Above

14) Out of the drugs listed, which combination should be used with caution because of its serious, possibly life threatening interactions?

- a) reserpine and furazolidone
- b) reserpine and esmolol
- c) reserpine and carteolol
- d) reserpine and labetalol
- e) None of the Above



15) The abbreviations "VS" stands for?

- a) Vital signs stable
- b) Versus
- c) Vital signs
- d) Visual signs
- e) None of the Above

Answers

Answer Key:

- 1) c
- 2) c
- 3) c
- 4) a
- 5) e
- 6) c
- 7) a
- 8) c
- 9) d
- 10) b
- 11) b
- 12) c
- 13) c
- 14) a
- 15) c